

# PORTFOLIO

### **INNOVATION DRIVEN BY USER INSIGHTS**

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# ABOUT ME

### THE PRODUCT DEVLOPMENT ENGINEER

**Passion.** I am passionate about developing humancentered products with purpose and high-impact potential.

**Curiosity.** I like to try new things, forge new connections, pick up new skills, eat new foods and think about new ideas.

**Energy.** I thrive in highly collaborative and dynamic design cultures.

I'm a creator, a product developer and a mechanical engineer -- but outside the office I'm an all-around athlete, cook and explorer. I write with my left and bat with my right, and I love an afternoon drive in my '75 Corvette.





# EMBRACE

### **CHALLENGE**

A social enterprise aiming to help vulnerable infants in the developing world, Embrace is designing a low-cost infant-warming device.

Embrace tasked me with investigating, designing and evaluating product elements to mitigate the risk of infants being overheated in the Infant Warmer.

Embrace embraceglobal.org India – 2010

## PROCESS

### STRUCTURING THE APPROACH

Defining Project Scope Establishing Safety and Design Guiding Principles Field + Stakeholder Research Synthesis + Insights Product Use Flow Mapping Concept Development Prototyping and Refinement



Field visits to urban and semi-urban clinics were critical to understanding the context.



The Infant Warmer would be operating in very lowresource neonatal environments.



In just 18 months, ambulance staff in one Indian state delivered over 6,000 babies en route to the hospital.

# FIELD + STAKEHOLDER RESEARCH



### **BUILDING EMPATHY**

Hours spent **interviewing and observing end-users** enabled me to know the situation from their perspective and understand their needs and medical procedures.

### **INTERVIEWS + OBSERVATIONS**

Doctors Nurses Mothers Hospital Directors Clinic Staff Ambulance Drivers Emergency Medical Technicians

# SYNTHESIS + INSIGHTS

### **HEATING SAFETY**

Medical personnel make **discretionary decisions** about the urgency and treatment when an infant's temperature falls outside the optimal range.

Users often mistakenly perceive a correctly heated Infant Warmer as **not warm enough**.

Users typically **touch** the infant's hands and feet to check temperature.

### **EASE OF USE**

Users need to **eliminate** the risk of cross-contamination between infants.

Users need to keep the infant **securely and comfortably** in place without risking injury.

Users need a **simple, consistent and intuitive** method to gauge temperature.



The Warmer must enable easy visual and tactile access to the infant while sustaining minimal heat loss.



Working with nurses in context informed a design that matched users' conceptual models.



Bringing the interdisciplinary team together incorporated insights from all of Embrace's experience.



Controlled studies with newborn infants highlighted safety and comfort concerns.

# CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

### **USAGE SCENARIO MAPPING**

Mapping the **product use flow** through multiple clinical use scenarios revealed areas where the product design might introduce overheating risks.

### **PRODUCT IN CONTEXT**

In a major milestone for Embrace, I supervised the **debut of the Infant Warmer** in delivering heat to newborn babies.

This was the initial introduction of the product into a **criticalcare environment**, with infants being placed in the Warmer within an hour of birth.

# PROTOTYPING

### **SHAPE AND FIT**

**Enlarged facial opening** to allow infant to turn head without suffocation risk.

**Softened seam** using a wrap to avoid abrading infant skin. Implemented **tapered shape** to achieve a tight swaddle around the infant, preventing sliding down into the bag.

### **TEMPERATURE INDICATOR**

**Redesigned LCD indicator** to enable non-medical users to correctly assess Infant Warmer temperature.

In certain situations, touch may be the best available method to determine an infant's temperature. The redesigned sleeping bag includes **easy touch-access** to the infant's hands and feet while minimizing heat loss.

### **HEATING POUCH INSULATION**

Conducted extensive temperature controlled testing to select **ideal insulation amount**.

**Insulated top** of sleeping bag around infant, to direct all heat-flow to infant compartment.



Building prototypes side-by-side with a tailor led to realtime updates and manufacturing insights.



Many technologies, including temperature sensitive inks and LCDs were evaluated through prototyping.



Testing the fit with a variety of infant mannequins aided rapid and robust iterations through prototypes.

# A SAFER DESIGN

Keeps the infant warm and comfortable, while allowing the doctors, nurses and family close access.

### **HEAT POUCH ACCESS**

Vertical slide-in uses gravity to help properly position the heating pouch

### **FACE OPENING**

Added a hood and wider sides to improve comfort and movement

### **DIRECTED INSULATION**

Thick insulation on back and sides forces heat to flow through infant compartment

### **SECURE FASTENING**

Tapered wrap and tension straps allow quick and secure infant swaddling

### **TEMPERATURE INDICATOR**

Simple LCD display made larger and visible from above.

# **QUICK FINCH**

### CHALLENGE

Research and identify an opportunity for a new product in the bird feeder market and design a viable prototype.

Carnegie Mellon University Pittsburgh – Fall 2011



### **MARKET RESEARCH**

Existing markets

Competitive products

Feeder features

Users : humans + birds

### **INTERVIEWS + OBSERVATIONS**

Introductory interviews Product use observations Artifact-centered interviews



Research competitive product features, materials, functionality and pricing.



Time, effort and difficulty involved with filling conventional feeders are major issues.



Observations and interviews with users and their bird feeders in context.

# USER NEEDS

Focusing on the interactions between the users and product revealed five key needs:

Feed should be accessible only to the targeted birds.

Feed and feeder should be protected from squirrels.

Feeder should be quick and intuitive to fill.

Feeder needs to be easy and hygienic to clean.

Feeder should require minimal ongoing effort.





Bird feeder owners offer reactions to rough prototypes, guiding the refinement process.



Users interact with product artifacts to inform shape and material decisions.



Organizing and analyzing user feedback in categories, to synthesize key needs.

# CONCEPT EXPLORATION

### **INSPIRATION**

### Finches

Land directly on a screen

Can feed through a screen

Perceive feeder as flower seed head

### Nyjer seed

Not eaten by squirrels

No husks, which reduces mess below feeder

Heat sterilized, so dropped seeds will not sprout

### **INITIAL CONCEPT**

Modular seed canister which snaps in and out of stand, to expedite refill

No transfer of loose seed from bag to feeder, so no spilling

Owner keeps spare canisters inside, reducing time outside in cold weather

# SKETCHING AND MODELING

### **EVOLUTION 1**

Speedily replaced seed canister

Fixed stand





### **EVOLUTION 2**

Disposable Impulse purchase Easy to hang





### **EVOLUTION 3**

Target feeding finches Use Nyjer seed

Wire mesh seed holder



### **EVOLUTION 4**

Recyclable materials Simplified construction Aesthetic shape







# DESIGN FOR MARKET

### **TARGET USERS**

People who want to feed birds, but do not want to put in much effort or make a long-term commitment

### **USERS WANT**

A convenient and inexpensive instrument for feeding birds

To introduce kids to feeding

To see colorful birds

A feeder which does not require yard space

### **FEATURES**

Pre-filled

Low-cost

Available at major retail chains

Includes versatile mounting for wall or deck post

Single-use and easy to recycle

Primarily attracts gold finches

Does not attract squirrels



Small, easy to fit on the rack, and inexpensive, the Quick Finch is a natural fit in checkout lanes



### Easily affixed to any vertical wall or post, the Quick Finch can be set up in seconds

# FINAL DESIGN: QUICK FINCH

### HANGER

Store rack mount can also function as rack for hanging at home

### BACKING

Recycled cardboard used for feeder backing

### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Key product information prints directly on the label, with directions included on the back

### LABEL

Printed label can be easily customized

### **SEED HOLDER**

Aluminum mesh seed container can be easily separated for recycling



# **ARDUINO TOY**

### CHALLENGE

Build a physical, interactive and amusing device using the Arduino platform

Carnegie Mellon University Pittsburgh – Spring 2011

## PROCESS

### **APPROACH**

Dream: Expand the reach and capability of human arms
Design: Separate action and re-action to illustrate interplay
Develop: Create one sensor arm and one action arm
Debug: Ensure long wires and LEDs do not overpower circuit
Document: Photograph device, label wiring and comment code
Demonstrate: Mount to a backpack for mobile demonstration

### **PHYSICAL TOOLKIT**

Arduino Uno + Breadboard

RGB LEDs

Buttons + Switches

Photocell

### **DIGITAL TOOLKIT**

Arduino + Processing

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I reduce debugging by testing each component individually before adding it.



A low-pressure button and a photocell empower this arm to sense to light and touch wherever it is pointed.



Duct tape and foam core board become a lightweight and wearable pack, enabling the device to be mobile.

## ARM EXTENDERS

### **CONTROL STRINGS**

Each arm is directed by the wearer, using strings

### **ACTION POINTS**

Each arm can interact with the environment using sensors, lights and buzzers

### **FLEXIBLE ARMS**

Pool noodles provide the appropriate amount of flexibility and softness

### **BACK MOUNT**

Mounting the device to a wearable pack brings the concept to life

### PROCESSOR

Arduino Uno is used to control system inputs and outputs



# SALAD TONGS

### CHALLENGE

Cut and form two salad tongs out of a single piece of poplar wood

Carnegie Mellon University Pittsburgh – Spring 2011

## PROCESS

### **APPROACH**

Explore multiple forms with foam prototypes
Apply pattern to sides of block
Cut pattern on one side of block
Temporarily reassemble block
Cut pattern on other side of block
Power sand shapes to smooth surface
Hand shape wooden tongs to final shape

### TOOLKIT

Band Saw

Belt Sander

Disc Sander

Oscillating Spindle Sander

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Building a first prototype in soft foam allowed experimentation with different shapes and grips.



Using orthogonal outlines on each side of the block, I quickly achieved the desired tong shapes with few cuts.



Cutting the pattern from the block left very rough tongs which needed power and hand sanding to finish.

## FINISHED TONGS



# DELOITTE

### **CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT**

Deliver highly customized user-centric enterprise software to Fortune 500 clients

Deloitte Consulting, LLP Chicago – 2006 to 2009

## PROCESS

### **USER RESEARCH**

Worked directly with client users to capture existing and future business processes

Mapped business process flows for all business units and users to ensure comprehensive system capability

### **DESIGN + DEVELOPMENT**

**Co-created** (with client stakeholders and Deloitte's local and offshore technical teams) an enterprise-wide customer relationship management software

**Extensively documented** technical and functional system requirements

Worked closely with **diverse sets of stakeholders** at each client to achieve design and process alignment

Designed and executed **testing** to evaluate functionality and ease of use

### LAUNCH + SUPPORT

Coordinated directly with client business leaders and Deloitte's technical development team to track and address system issues

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Moved seventeen global Medtronic business units onto a single complaints-handling system.



Designed and tested a global marketing campaign management system for Motorola.



Supported a new analytical trade promotions system to help Del Monte gauge profitability.

# EATON TRUCK

### CHALLENGE

Create a flexible digital model to produce complex surface finishes on a critical load-bearing transmission component

Eaton Truck Innovation Center Michigan – Summer 2004

## PROCESS

### **DESIGN AND TESTING**

Identified that the component's microscopic surface structure would be the **critical factor in durable performance** 

Created a **flexible three-dimensional digital model** of the component's surface

Translated model data into X, Y and Z coordinates for electrical discharge machining

### RESULTS

The digital model I constructed allowed Eaton to evaluate the **durability** of the transmission chain pin design

The model also allowed Eaton to **determine the optimal surface texture** for the environmental and mechanical stresses encountered in heavy-load towing



Eaton was introducing continuously variable transmission technology to heavy-duty trucks for the first time.



A continuously variable transmission is accomplished by a chain driven between moving pulleys.



Testing the component meant simulating the stress on the transmission from one million miles of driving.

## TRANSMISSION CHAIN

www.schaeffler.com

### **HIGH TENSION CHAIN**

Driven by friction between two pulleys with shifting diameters

### **PIN HEADS**

Complex pin head surfaces allow high-pressure contact without excessive wear



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